ϖ **MAKING A SCHEDULE BASED ON YOUR NEEDS** ϖ

**DIRECTIONS:** Read all of these directions before you make up your weekly schedule. Check off each direction as you complete it.

**1st** Record class and lab times in appropriate day/hour blocks on a time schedule sheet.

**2nd** Record meal times.

**3rd** Record all regularly scheduled personal activities such as meetings, employment and athletics.

**4th** Record any special activities you need to do or want to do on a regular basis.

**5th** Review the information on the other side of this sheet about the Learning Cyclebefore you add any more

information to your schedule.

**6th** Schedule a preview time (5-30 minutes) immediately before each class whenever possible. During the preview,

review all or some of your notes in preparation for the upcoming class. If you have two or three classes in a row,

preview from last to first class. Thus, if you have Chemistry and Art at 10 and 11, you might write "P: Art/Chem"

in the block before your 10 o'clock class.

**7th** Schedule a review time immediately after your classes (5-30 minutes) whenever possible. Use this time to edit

and summarize your notes. You could also look over any assignments that were given and begin to plan when

and how you will do them. Thus for the schedule described above, you might write "R: Art/Chem" in the 12 noon block.

**8th** Schedule your intensive study/ review time for each class. Try to schedule some study time each day for each

class. Learning is more effectively and efficiently accomplished in shorter regular sessions than in longer irregular

sessions. Also, use more of the day (i.e. morning, afternoon) for studying. Evening is often an ineffective time to study. When you schedule study time, be task-oriented rather than time-oriented. Think in terms of "blocks of

time" and what specifically needs to be accomplished, not hours of study time. Start your study period with the

courses you like least or that you're not doing well in. Try to study the same subjects at the same time each study

day. Although this seems to be a mechanical way of scheduling, you will find that such a routine can help you

develop a pattern for efficient and effective learning.

**9th** Schedule a weekly review (WR) for each course. Do it at the end of the week if possible. This weekly review gives

you an opportunity to spread out all of the past week's notes along with the reading assignments to see what you

have been learning in the past week during class and study time for each course. You can also look ahead to plan

 the next week and determine how much reading you need to do, what projects are due, and if any tests are

scheduled.

**10th** Keep open some day or evening time for daily physical activity. Remember, research indicates that regular

exercise will not only give you a general sense of well-being, but can reduce tension and help you accomplish a

 tough class, study, and work schedule.

**11th** Label some empty blocks of time as OPEN for academic or personal needs.

**12th** Schedule some time during Friday, Saturday, and Sunday for you to play, relax, or do whatever you want to do.

This is your reward for sticking to your schedule. In addition, you'll enjoy your free time more.

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